

Jessica Fleminger and Ben Meghreblian



- 1. introduction
- 2. we (still) have a problem
- 3. OpenTrials overview
- 4. techy stuff
- 5. data sources
- 6. user examples
- 7. demo
- 8. Q&A



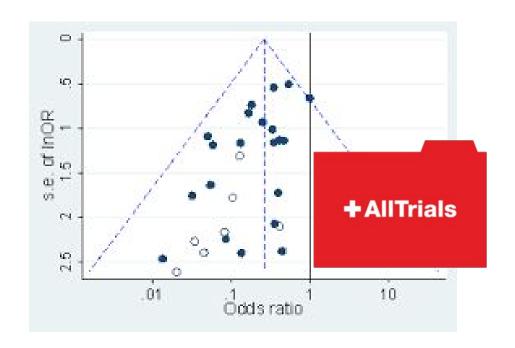








we have a publication bias problem



we have an information dissemination problem

ABSTRACTS OF THE IDSA 38th ANNUAL MEETING

611 Reduction in the Symptoms and Complications of Influenza A and B in Patients
Treated with Oscilamiyir (the Time-to-Treatment Study Group)

JOHN J TREANOR, Univ of Rochester, Rochester, NY

Oseltamivir is an oral inhibitor of the neuraminidase enzyme of influenza A and B vicuses with significant virologic and clinical efficacy in man. Oseltamivir was studied in a multicenter, placebo-controlled, double-blind, symptom-duration-stratified study. Subjects who met a case definition of influenza consisting of fever ≥100°F with at least one respiratory (cough, sore throat, nasal congestion) and at least one constitutional symptom (aches/pains, fatigue, headache and chills/sweats) were randomized 2:1 to 75mg oseltami-. 1459 patients were enrolled at 164 US study sit methods ige from 13 to 80 years, 16% were vaccinated an methods anditions (6% with COPD/asthma). A total of influenza infection; 81% had influenza A; 19% had influenza B. The presence of cough and fever were independent predictors of influenza infection. The median duration of illness, defined as the time to alleviation of all 7 major flu symptoms, was 120.5 hrs in influenza-infected P recipients and 96.3 hrs in O recipients (p< 0.0001). The median duration of each of the individual symptoms included in the symptom scores was also decreased by oseltamiyir, as follows: chills! sweats (34% reduction), cough (31%), fatigue (33%), headache (29%), myalgia (24%), nasal congestion (42%), sore throat (20%), and fever (33%). Severity of illness, as measured by the area under the curve of symptom scores, was reduced by treatment (P=1049 score,hours, O=837 score,hours, median difference 203, 95% CI 117-289). Lower respiratory tract complications reduced with O included branchitis (P 4%, O 2%) and pneumonia (P 2%, O 0.3%). The results of this study are very ~ to those reported in a phase III trial conducted in the U.S. (38th ICAAC, 1998) and demonstrate a consistent beneficial effect of early antiviral treatment of influenza with oseltamivir in populations including adolescents, the elderly and others with co-morbid conditions.

VS.



Jefferson T et al. BMJ. 2014 Apr 9;348:g2545. doi: 10.1136/bmj.g2545.

we have a discrepancy problem

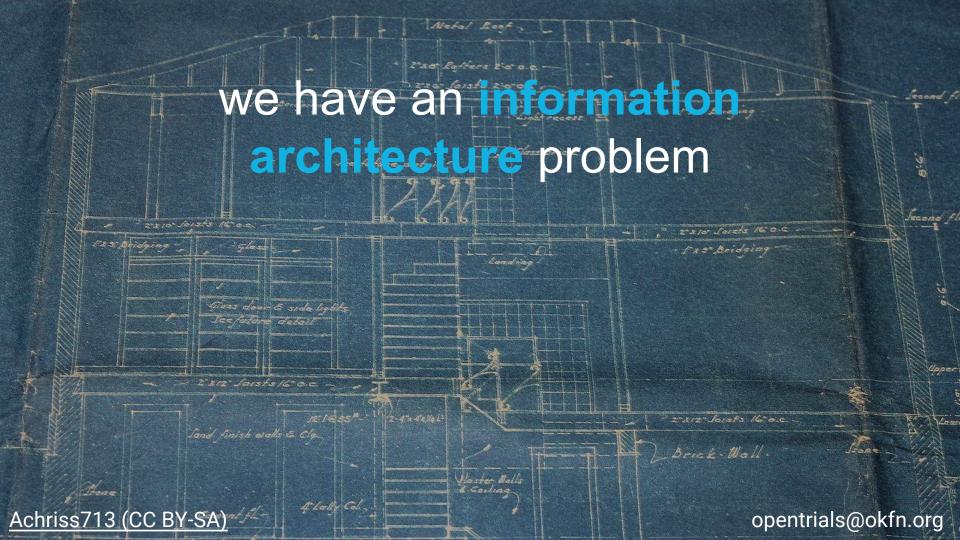




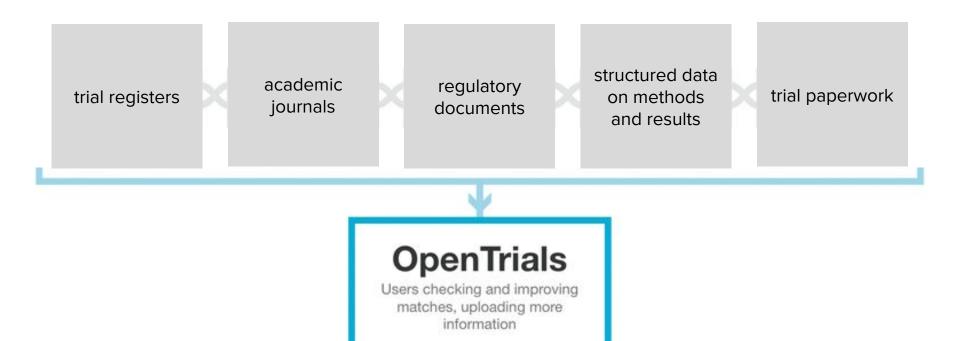




we have a **publication bias** problem
we have an **information dissemination** problem
we have a **discrepancy** problem



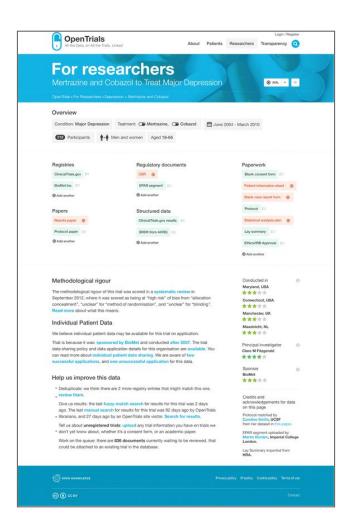






release early release often







audit publication bias

myrfa (CC0) opentrials@okfn.org



trial sponsors with the most unreported trials registered on on a sponsor's name to find out whether it's getting better at s - or worse.

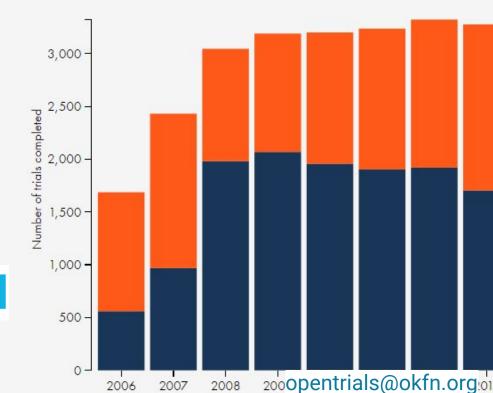
↓† er	Trials ↓ missing results	Total 11 eligible trials	Percent missing	
	285	435	65.5%	A
aceuticals	201	534	37.6%	
Institute (NCI)	194	558	34.8%	
que - Hôpitaux de Paris	186	292	63.7%	
e	183	809	22.6%	

track sponsors and

Univerganisations 63.3%

Trials by year

Since Jan 2006, **all major trial sponsors** completed 25,927 eligib **haven't published results for 11,714 trials**. That means 45.2% of missing results.





search functionality

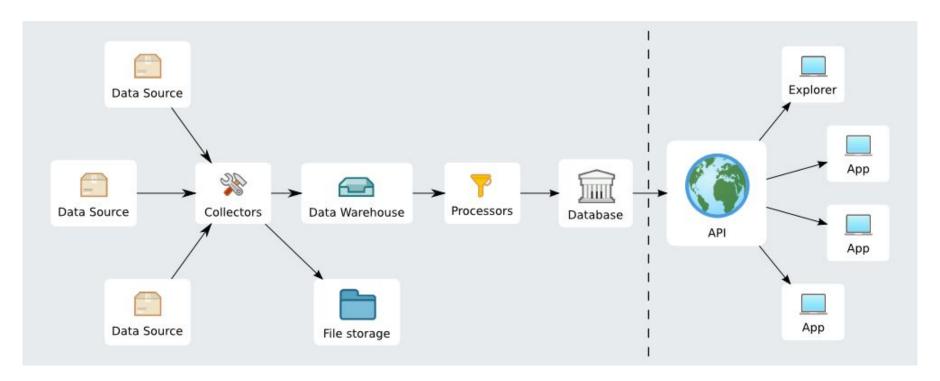


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        ('response'=>'error','message'
readability
lmonk72 (CC0)
                             opentrials@okfn.org
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OpenTrials architecture



scraping

data donations

crowdsourcing



structured data

HTML

<div id="trial-info-2" class="floater-50"><div class="info-title">ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier:</div><div class="identifier">NCT01013220</div ><div class="info-date">First received: November 12, 2009 <div class="info-date">Last atea: December 15, 2014</div><d class="info-date">Last verified. December 2014 </div><div class="info-date"> History of Changes</div></div>

XML

outcome> <measure>employer purchase of depression management product</measure> <time frame>two years after intervention</time_frame> primary_outc secondary_ou <me ity of ression management model purchased to evidence-based models </measure> <time frame>two years after intervention</time frame> <safety issue>No</safety issue> </secondary outcome> <number_of_arms>2</number_of_ar ms>

API

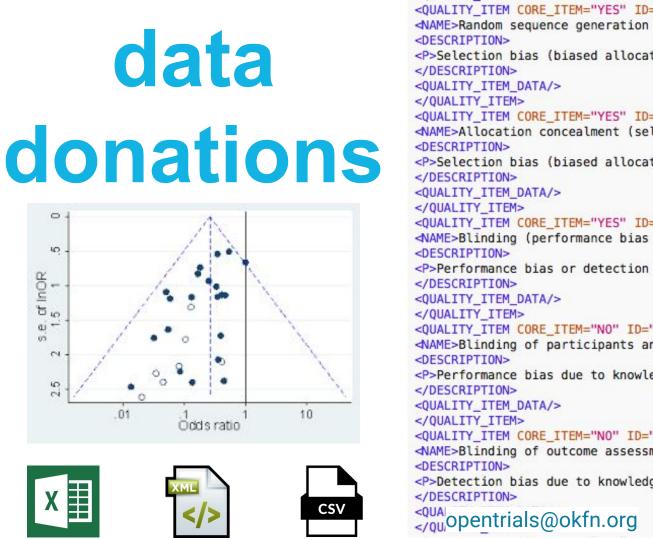
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depression&page=1&per page=20

Database **MySC** Postgre SQL SQL Server

harder

easier



▼ OFFICIAL TITLE ▼ PMID

2 NCT00002762 MENSTRUAL CYCLE 19487378

3 NCT00002879 A PHASE II TRIAL 0 18470909

4 NCT00003134 A Phase II Trial of It 19066728

5 NCT00003596 A Phase III Random 18430910 6 NCT00003762 Randomized Phase 19188136

8 NCT00003849 A Phase II Trial of O 15657404

10 NCT00005601 A Phase II Trial of O 18569634

12 NCT00005963 Phase II Trial of Do 16118507

13 NCT00006007 A Phase II Study of 16303865

14 NCT00006010 Phase II Trial of Get 21555932

15 NCT00006305 Bypass Angioplasty 19502645

16 NCT00009893 Phase II Trial Of Get 15558814

17 NCT00017186 Phase II Study of G 18224661 18 NCT00022139 A Phase II Trial of P 17921712

19 NCT00022646 A Phase II Clinical T 16135464

20 NCT00025025 Colorectal Cancer 9 19026650

21 NCT00026403 A Phase II Study of 17577035

22 NCT00027612 Pilot And Phase II 7 20063115

23 NCT00027963 The Efficacy Of Gab 17853395

24 NCT00028925 Phase II Trial of Ora 19935387

25 NCT00032032 Phase I/II Study Of 16730134

26 NCT00040859 A Phase II Study of 16303863

27 NCT00040885 Docetaxel And Inflit 19665818

28 NCT00043069 Osteoporosis Prev 19468757

29 NCT00045162 Randomized Phase 16648503

31 NCT00049673 A Randomized Pha 23297129

32 NCT00053027 Phase II Trial of Rit 18470909

33 NCT00054418 A Phase III Random 19075260
 34 NCT00054457 A Phase II Study O 16497828

30 NCT00045201 Phase I Trial of OSI

NCT00003829 `A Phase II Study of

NCT00003996 A Phase II Trial of P

11 NCT00005829 Phase II Study of G

NCT ID

Explore

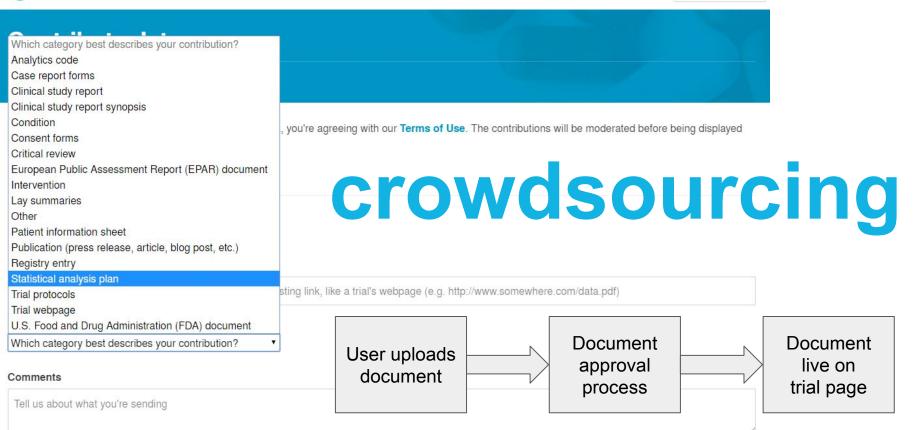
Contribute Data

About

Statistics







attribution and licensing

Open Definition The Definition Conformant Licenses Participate News





The Open Definition

The Open Definition sets out principles that define "openness" in relation to data and content.

It makes **precise** the meaning of "open" in the terms "**open data**" and "**open content**" and thereby ensures **quality** and encourages **compatibility** between different pools of open material.

It can be summed up in the statement that:

"Open means anyone can freely access, use, modify, and share for any purpose (subject, at most, to requirements that preserve provenance and openness)."

Put most succinctly:

"Open data and content can be freely used, modified, and shared by anyone for any purpose"

Read the full Open Definition »

THE OPEN DEFINITION IN YOUR LANGUAGE

| Dezapyckax | Baztrapekix | Català | Czech | Dansk | Deutsch | EXhyvixch | Ezlyvixch | English | Español | Euskara | Suomi | Français | Galego | 加コユリ | [李命] | Croatian | Magyar | Indonesian | Islenska | Italiano | 日本語 | 古成は | 世刊の | Makegoiteku jaasik | Norsk (bokmäl) | Polszczyran | Portuguše Brasileiro | Portuguše | Pycexiš | Shqip | Srpski | Svenska | 라たか | Türkçe | Vypaintska | おたか | では | 日本語 | では | 日本語 |



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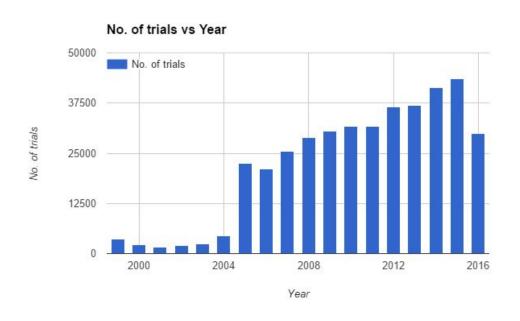
imported: trial registers

Clinical Trials.gov

A service of the U.S. National Institutes of Health







337,911 deduplicated trials



~510,000 publications (~24,000 linked with trials)

errors found in some registry IDs

⇒ feedback via PubMed Commons



Ben Goldacre 2016 Aug 24 05:01 a.m.

This trial has the wrong trial registry ID associated with it on PubMed: both in the XML on PubMed, and in the originating journal article. The ID given is NCT023528702. We believe the correct ID, which we have found by hand searching, is NCT02352870.

This comment is being posted as part of the <u>OpenTrials.net</u> project^[1], an open database threading together all publicly accessible documents and data on each trial, globally. In the course of creating the database, and matching documents and data sources about trials from different locations, we have identified various anomalies in datasets such as PubMed, and in published papers. Alongside documenting the prevalence of problems, we are also attempting to correct these errors and anomalies wherever possible, by feeding back to the originators. We have corrected this data in the <u>OpenTrials.net</u> database; we hope that this trial's text and metadata can also be corrected at source, in PubMed and in the accompanying paper.

Many thanks,

Jessica Fleminger, Ben Goldacre*

[1] Goldacre, B., Gray, J., 2016. OpenTrials: towards a collaborative open database of all available information on all clinical trials. Trials 17. doi:10.1186/s13063-016-1290-8 PMID: 27056367



imported: risk of bias scores

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<DESCRIPTION>
<P>Selection bias (biased allocation to interventions) due to inad
</DESCRIPTION>
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</QUALITY ITEM>
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NAME>Allocation concealment (selection bias)
Selection bias (biased allocation to interventions) due to inad
</DESCRIPTION>
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<OUALITY ITEM CORE ITEM="YES" ID="QIT-03" LEVEL="GROUP" NO="3">
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<DESCRIPTION>
Performance bias or detection bias due to knowledge of the allo
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NAME>Blinding of outcome assessment (detection bias)
>Detection bias due to knowledge of the allocated interventions
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</OUALITY ITEM>
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Methodological rigour



The methodological rigour of this trial was scored in a systematic review, where it was scored as being at "low risk" of bias for "sequence generation", "unclear" for "allocation concealment", "unclear" for "attrition", "high risk" of bias for "reporting", "low risk" of bias for "other biases", "unclear" for "blinding (performance)", and "low risk" of bias for "blinding (detection)".



imported: research summaries

~22,000 research summaries

provides 'lay summary' explanation of the trial for a non-medical audience

created for ethics committee

FOIA request ⇒ HRA for Patient Information Sheets

Health Research Authority

This study is being carried out to see if the drug MPDL3280A can reduce the size of tumours in patients with bladder cancer before surgery. MPDL3280A is currently being investigated in a number of tumour types and has been shown to have activity in bladder cancer which has spread beyond the bladder.

MPDL3280A is designed to stop a protein called PD-L1 (programmed death-ligand 1) being expressed on the cancer. PD-L1 helps to camouflage the cancer, preventing the body's immune system from identifying the cancer and fighting it. MDPL3280A works against PD-L1, allowing the immune system to recognise the tumour cells as foreign bodies and attack them.

There are strict inclusion and exclusion criteria for this trial. Broadly speaking, patients with histologically confirmed transitional cell carcinoma of the bladder (T2-T4a – this indicates how far into the bladder the cancer cells have grown) are eligible.

If a patient is eligible for the study and decides to take part, they will be enrolled into the study and will receive up to two 3-weekly cycles of MPDL3280A. 4-8 weeks after being enrolled, the patient will have an operation to remove the bladder (cystectomy) as per normal practise. Treatment with MPDL3280A in the window between enrolment and surgery will not delay this surgery. Following the operation, they will attend three hospital visits (4, 12 and 24 weeks after cystectomy) and their disease progress/survival will be followed over the next 2 years. The clinical team will compare the patient's tumour tissue samples, scan results and blood results from before and after treatment with MPDL3280A in order to see how well the drug works and if it is safe. Many of the procedures involved in this study are offered as standard care and participation in this trial will not delay surgery.

The study is being carried out in England and will also take place in 5 other European countries (France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain).

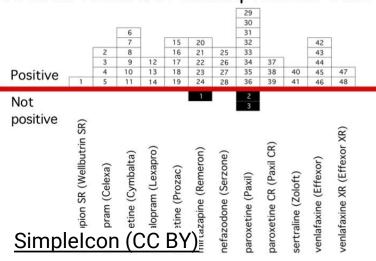
OpenTrialsFDA

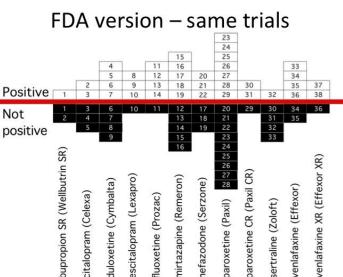
live prototype: FDA Drug Approval Packages

46,332 documents imported to Document Cloud and OCRed

16,329 FDA applications

Journal version of antidepressant trials







opentrials@okfn.org

ongoing: clinical study reports







TMC435 (simeprevir) Clinical Study Report – Final Analysis
TMC435-TiDP16-C216

SYNOPSIS

Name of Sponsor/Company
Name of Finished Product
Name of Active Ingredients
TMC435 (simeprevir)

Janssen Research & Development is a global organization that operates through different legal entities in various countries. Therefore, the legal entity acting as the sponsor for Janssen Research & Development studies may vary, such as, but not limited to Janssen Biotech, Inc.; Janssen Products, LP; Janssen Biologicis, BV; Janssen Cilag International NV; Janssen, Inc; Janssen Infectious Diseases BVBA (formerly known as Tibotec BVBA); Janssen R&D Ireland (formerly known as Tibotec Pharmaceuticals); or Janssen Research & Development, LLC (including the former Tibotec Inc. entity). The term "sponsor" is used to represent these various legal entities as identified on the sponsor list.

Status: Approved

Date: 4 October 2013

Prepared by: Janssen Infectious Diseases - Diagnostics BVBA

Protocol No.: TMC435-TiDP16-C216

Title of Study: A Phase 3, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study to investigate the efficacy, safety and tolerability of TMC435 versus placebo as part of a treatment regimen including peginterferon α -2a (Pegasys®) and ribavirin (Copegus®) or peginterferon α -2b (PegIntron®) and ribavirin (Rebetol®) in treatment-naïve, genotype 1, hepatitis C-infected subjects

Study Name: TMC435-TiDP16-C216 (QUEST-2)

EudraCT Number: 2010-021174-11

NCT No.: NCT01290679

Clinical Registry No.: CR017380

Coordinating Investigator: MD,

Study Centers: The study was conducted at 76 sites in 14 countries.

Publication (Reference):

Manns M, Marcellin P, Poordad Fred FP, et al. Simeprevir (TMC435) with peginterferon/ribavirin for treatment of chronic HCV genotype-1 infection in treatment-naïve patients: Results from QUEST-2, a Phase 3 trial; Poster at The International Liver Congress 2013, April 24 - 28 2013, Amsterdam, The Netherlands; Journal of Hepatology 2013 Suppl 1(58) S568.

Study Period: 18 January 2011 to 5 February 2013

Phase of Development: Phase 3

Objectives: The primary objective was to demonstrate the superiority of TMC435 versus placebo as part of a treatment regimen including pegylated interferon alpha-2a (PegIFNa-2a)/ribavirin (RBV) or PegIFNa-2b/RBV, with respect to the proportion of treatment-naïve hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype 1 infected subjects with sustained virologic response (SVR) 12 weeks after the planned end of treatment (SVR12).



Germany

Approved, Date: 4 October 2013

ongoing: more...



Ben Goldacre

Bestselling author of Bad Science

How drug companies mislead doctors and harm patients

364 page





even asking has been interesting...

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- 2. doctor
- 3. patient
- 4. data journalist
- 5. developer
- 6. policy maker
- 7. regulator



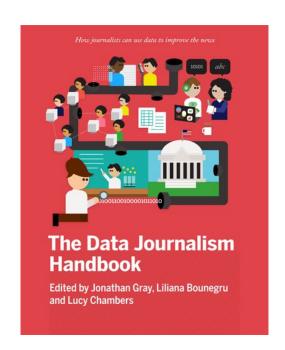
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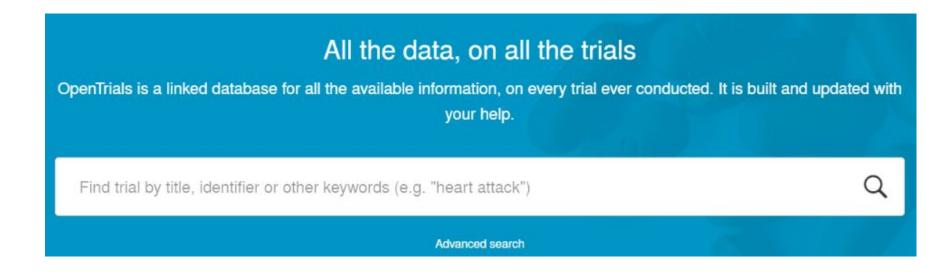






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explorer.opentrials.net



beta version!

please contribute!



thank you! any questions?

opentrials@okfn.org / opentrials.net / @opentrials

Team OpenTrials: Ben Goldacre, Emma Beer, Stephen Abbott Pugh, Paul Walsh, Vitor Baptista, Evgeny Karev, Victor Niţu, Georgiana Bere, Sierra Williams, Lieke Ploeger, Sam Smith, Ben Meghreblian, Sarah McNeill, Jessica Fleminger

