

Ben Meghreblian, Community Manager Jessica Fleminger, Researcher

15th March Cochrane UK & Ireland Symposium 2017



- 1. introduction
- 2. we (still) have a problem
- 3. OpenTrials overview
- 4. technical aspects
- 5. data sources
- 6. user examples
- 7. workshop







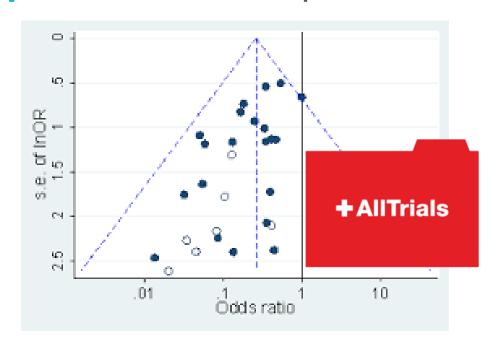




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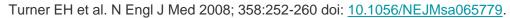


we have a publication bias problem



we have a discrepancy problem









we have an information dissemination problem

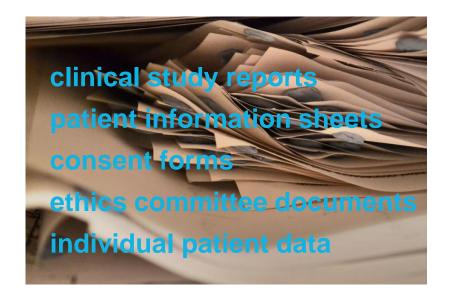
ABSTRACTS OF THE IDSA 38th ANNUAL MEETING

611 Reduction in the Symptoms and Complications of Influenza A and B in Patients
Treated with Oscitamivir (the Time-to-Treatment Study Group)

JOHN J TREANOR, Univ of Rochester, Rochester, NY

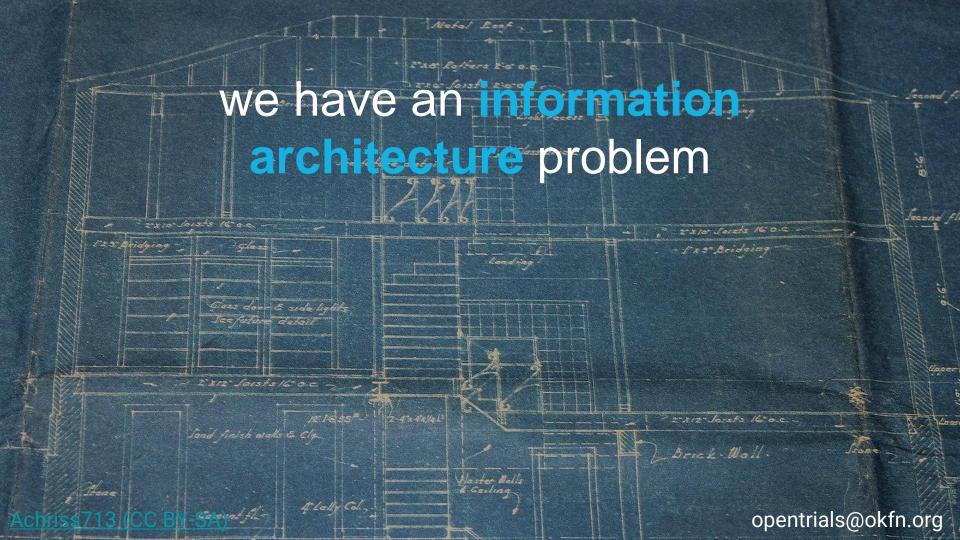
Oseltamiyir is an oral inhibitor of the neuraminidase enzyme of influenza A and B vicuses with significant virologic and clinical efficacy in man. Oseltamivir was studied in a multicenter, placebo-controlled, double-blind, symptom-duration-stratified study. Subjects who met a case definition of influenza consisting of fever ≥100°F with at least one respiratory (cough, sore throat, nasal congestion) and at least one constitutional symptom (aches/pains, fatigue, headache and chills/sweats) were randomized 2:1 to 75mg oscitamivir (O) or placebo (P) po bid for 5 days. 1459 patients were enrolled at 164 US study ge from 13 to 80 years, 16% were vaccinated an methods influenza infection; 81% had influenza A; 19% hat managed at the process of cooper and fever were independent predictors of influenza infection. The median duration of illness, defined as the time to alleviation of all 7 major flu symptoms, was 120.5 hrs in influenza-infected P recipients and 96.3 hrs in O recipients (p< 0.0001). The median duration of each of the individual symptoms included in the symptom scores was also decreased by oseltamiyir, as follows: chills! sweats (34% reduction), cough (31%), fatigue (33%), headache (29%), myalgia (24%), nasal congestion (42%), sore throat (20%), and fever (33%). Severity of illness, as measured by the area under the curve of symptom scores, was reduced by treatment (P=1049 score,hours, O=837 score,hours, median difference 203, 95% CI 117-289). Lower respiratory tract complications reduced with O included branchitis (P 4%, O 2%) and pneumonia (P 2%, O 0.3%). The results of this study are very ~ to those reported in a phase III trial conducted in the U.S. (38th ICAAC, 1998) and demonstrate a consistent beneficial effect of early antiviral treatment of influenza with oscitamivir in populations including adolescents, the elderly and others with co-morbid conditions.

VS.



Jefferson T et al. BMJ. 2014 Apr 9;348:g2545. doi: 10.1136/bmj.g2545.

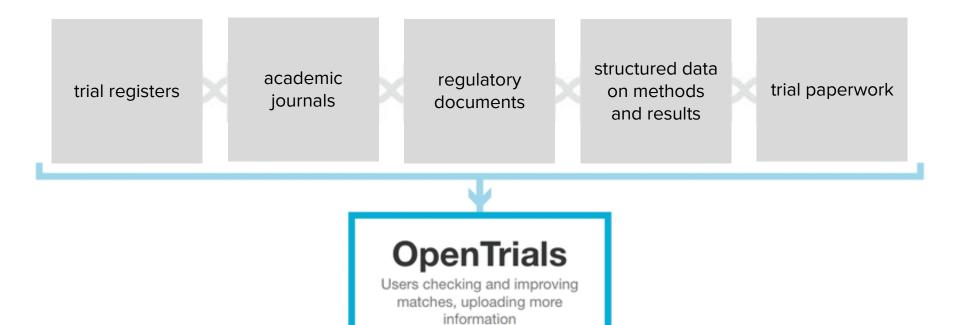
we have a **publication bias** problem
we have a **discrepancy** problem
we have an **information dissemination** problem







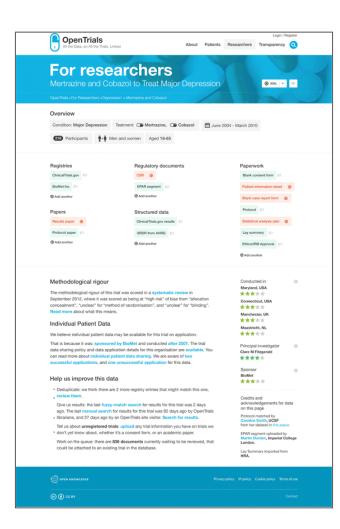
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release early release often







audit publication bias

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trial sponsors with the most unreported trials registered on on a sponsor's name to find out whether it's getting better at s - or worse.

Trials Total missing eligible Percent results trials missing 285 435 65.5% aceuticals 201 37.6% 534 Institute (NCI) 34.8% 194 558 63.7% que - Hôpitaux de Paris 186 292 track sponsors and organisations 71.6%

120

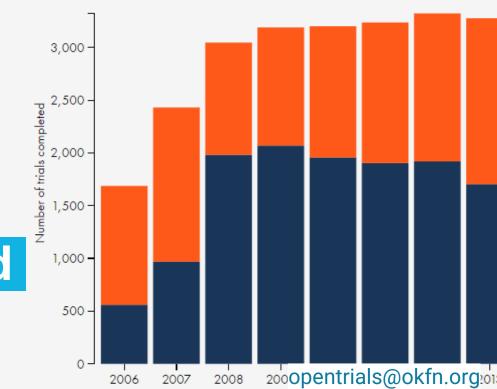
160

80.6%

cal Trials in Oncology

Trials by year

Since Jan 2006, **all major trial sponsors** completed 25,927 eligible haven't published results for 11,714 trials. That means 45.2% of missing results.







X Status: Complete



Recruitment status: Not recruiting

search functionality



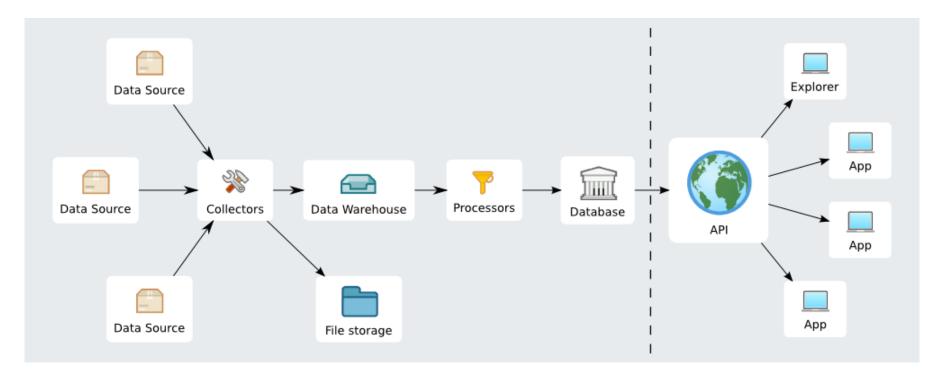
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         "", (result)) {
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increase machine (1-> 'success');
readability
Imonk72 (CC)
                                           opentrials@okfn.org
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OpenTrials architecture



where does our data come from?

online (automated)

data donations

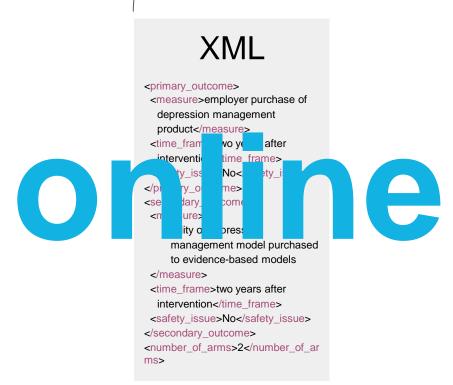
crowdsourcing



structured data

HTML

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API

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```

harder



MENSTRUAL CYCLE 19487378 A PHASE II TRIAL ON 18470909 NCT00003134 A Phase II Trial of In 19066728 NCT00003596 A Phase III Randon 18430910 Randomized Phase 19188136 A Phase II Trial of @ 15657404 A Phase II Trial of O 18569634 NCT00005963 | Phase II Trial of Do 16118507

▼ OFFICIAL TITLE ▼ PMID

`A Phase II Study o

A Phase II Trial of P

NCT00006007 A Phase II Study of 16303865 NCT00006010 Phase II Trial of Get 21555932 15 NCT00006305 Bypass Angioplasty 19502645

NCT00009893 | Phase II Trial Of Get 15558814

NCT00022646 A Phase II Clinical T 16135464

NCT00025025 | Colorectal Cancer 9 19026650 NCT00026403 A Phase II Study of 17577035 NCT00027612 | Pilot And Phase II 7 20063115 NCT00027963 The Efficacy Of Gal 17853395

NCT00040859 A Phase II Study of 16303863

NCT00045162 Randomized Phase 16648503

NCT00054457 A Phase II Study 0116497828

Phase I Trial of OSI NCT00049673 A Randomized Pha 23297129

Phase II Study of G 18224661

A Phase II Trial of P 17921712

Phase II Trial of Ora 19935387

Phase I/II Study Of 16730134

Docetaxel And Inflit 19665818

Osteoporosis Preve 19468757

Phase II Trial of Rite 18470909

A Phase III Randon 19075260

NCT00005829 Phase II Study of G

NCT ID NCT00002762

NCT00002879

NCT00003762

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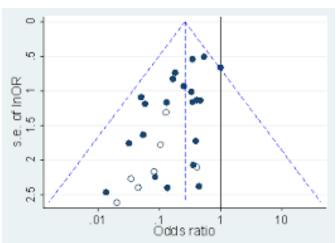
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NCT00045201

NCT00053027

NCT00054418

data donations















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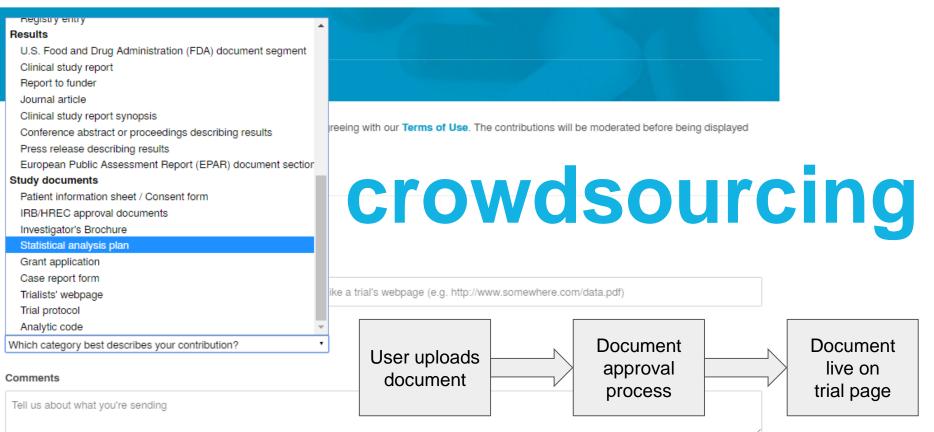
Explore

Contribute Data

About Statistics







licensing and attribution

licensing

- data used in OpenTrials needs to be offered to us without restrictions...
- ...because we want to offer everything to our users as <u>Open Data</u> (freely used, modified, and shared by anyone for any purpose) opendefinition.org
 - o there may be legitimate concerns/caveats (e.g. pharma regulatory approval applications)
- factual information (such as the existence of a trial) may not be copyrightable
- data providers: explicit licenses are good helps others know how they can use your data
 - o we can help advise on a suitable, more permissive license get in touch!

attribution

- all contributors (large and small) receive attribution on OpenTrials pages
- OpenTrials requests (but doesn't require) attribution by our users when using data

discussions with data providers

more on that later + good news!



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imported: trial registers

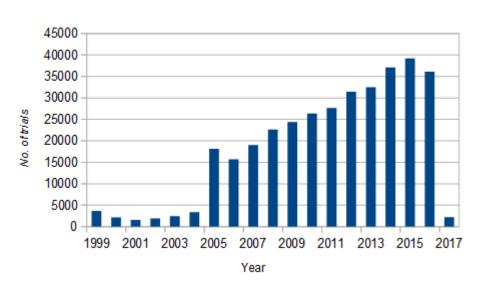
Clinical Trials.gov

A service of the U.S. National Institutes of Health





No. of trials vs. Year



348,245 deduplicated trials

opentrials@okfn.org



imported: publications

~510,000 publications

(~27,000 linked with trials)

errors found in some registry IDs

⇒ feedback via PubMed Commons

Ben Goldacre 2016 Aug 24 05:01 a.m.

This trial has the wrong trial registry ID associated with it on PubMed: both in the XML on PubMed, and in the originating journal article. The ID given is NCT023528702. We believe the correct ID, which we have found by hand searching, is NCT02352870.

This comment is being posted as part of the OpenTrials.net project^[1], an open database threading together all publicly accessible documents and data on each trial, globally. In the course of creating the database, and matching documents and data sources about trials from different locations, we have identified various anomalies in datasets such as PubMed, and in published papers. Alongside documenting the prevalence of problems, we are also attempting to correct these errors and anomalies wherever possible, by feeding back to the originators. We have corrected this data in the OpenTrials.net database; we hope that this trial's text and metadata can also be corrected at source, in PubMed and in the accompanying paper.

Many thanks,

Jessica Fleminger, Ben Goldacre*

[1] Goldacre, B., Gray, J., 2016. OpenTrials: towards a collaborative open database of all available information on all clinical trials. Trials 17. doi:10.1186/s13063-016-1290-8 PMID: 27056367



imported: risk of bias scores

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Methodological rigour



The methodological rigour of this trial was scored in a systematic review, where it was scored as being at "low risk" of bias for "sequence generation", "unclear" for "allocation concealment", "unclear" for "attrition", "high risk" of bias for "reporting", "low risk" of bias for "other biases", "unclear" for "blinding (performance)", and "low risk" of bias for "blinding (detection)".



imported: research summaries

~22,000 research summaries

created for ethics committee

provides 'lay summary' explanation of the trial for a non-medical audience

Health Research Authority

This study is being carried out to see if the drug MPDL3280A can reduce the size of tumours in patients with bladder cancer before surgery. MPDL3280A is currently being investigated in a number of tumour types and has been shown to have activity in bladder cancer which has spread beyond the bladder.

MPDL3280A is designed to stop a protein called PD-L1 (programmed death-ligand 1) being expressed on the cancer. PD-L1 helps to camouflage the cancer, preventing the body's immune system from identifying the cancer and fighting it. MDPL3280A works against PD-L1, allowing the immune system to recognise the tumour cells as foreign bodies and attack them.

There are strict inclusion and exclusion criteria for this trial. Broadly speaking, patients with histologically confirmed transitional cell carcinoma of the bladder (T2-T4a – this indicates how far into the bladder the cancer cells have grown) are eligible.

If a patient is eligible for the study and decides to take part, they will be enrolled into the study and will receive up to two 3-weekly cycles of MPDL3280A. 4-8 weeks after being enrolled, the patient will have an operation to remove the bladder (cystectomy) as per normal practise. Treatment with MPDL3280A in the window between enrolment and surgery will not delay this surgery. Following the operation, they will attend three hospital visits (4, 12 and 24 weeks after cystectomy) and their disease progress/survival will be followed over the next 2 years. The clinical team will compare the patient's tumour tissue samples, scan results and blood results from before and after treatment with MPDL3280A in order to see how well the drug works and if it is safe. Many of the procedures involved in this study are offered as standard care and participation in this trial will not delay surgery.

The study is being carried out in England and will also take place in 5 other European countries (France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain).

OpenTrialsFDA

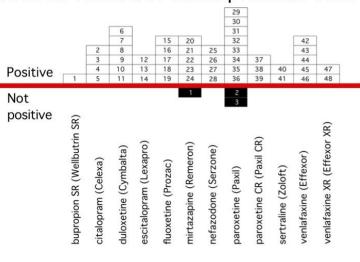
searchable and linked: FDA Drug Approval Packages

~55,000 documents across ~16,000 FDA applications

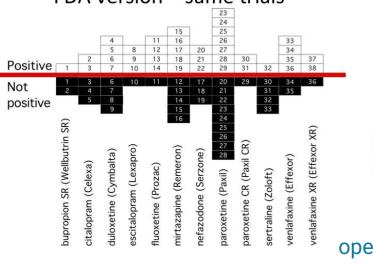
live site: fda.opentrials.net



Journal version of antidepressant trials



FDA version – same trials





opentrials@okfn.org

ongoing: clinical study reports







TMC435 (simeprevir) Clinical Study Report – Final Analysis
TMC435-TiDP16-C216

SYNOPSIS

Name of Sponsor/Company
Name of Finished Product
Name of Active Ingredients

Name of Active Ingredients

Name of Active Ingredients

MC435 (simeprevir)

* Janssen Research & Development is a global organization that operates through different legal entities in various countries. Therefore, the legal entity acting as the sponsor for Janssen Research & Development studies may vary, such as, but not limited to Janssen Biotech, Inc.; Janssen Products, LP; Janssen Biologics, BY; Janssen Cilag International NV; Janssen, Inc; Janssen Infectious Diseases BVBA (formerly known as Tibotec BVBA); Janssen R&D Ireland (formerly known as Tibotec Pharmaceuticals); or Janssen Research & Development, LLC (including the former Tibotec Inc. entity). The term "sponsor" is used to represent these various legal entities as identified on the sponsor list.

Status: Approved

Date: 4 October 2013

Prepared by: Janssen Infectious Diseases - Diagnostics BVBA

Protocol No.: TMC435-TiDP16-C216

Title of Study: A Phase 3, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study to investigate the efficacy, safety and tolerability of TMC435 versus placebo as part of a treatment regimen including peginterferon α -2a (Pegasys®) and ribavirin (Copegus®) or peginterferon α -2b (PegIntron®) and ribavirin (Rebetol®) in treatment-naïve, genotype 1, hepatitis C-infected subjects

Study Name: TMC435-TiDP16-C216 (QUEST-2)

EudraCT Number: 2010-021174-11

NCT No.: NCT01290679

Clinical Registry No.: CR017380

Coordinating Investigator:

MD, Germany

Study Centers: The study was conducted at 76 sites in 14 countries.

Publication (Reference):

Manns M, Marcellin P, Poordad Fred FP, et al. Simeprevir (TMC435) with peginterferon/ribavirin for treatment of chronic HCV genotype-1 infection in treatment-naïve patients: Results from QUEST-2, a Phase 3 trial; Poster at The International Liver Congress 2013, April 24 - 28 2013, Amsterdam, The Netherlands; Journal of Hepatology 2013 Suppl 1(58) S568.

Study Period: 18 January 2011 to 5 February 2013

Phase of Development: Phase 3

Objectives: The primary objective was to demonstrate the superiority of TMC435 versus placebo as part of a treatment regimen including pegylated interferon alpha-2a (PegIFNa-2a)/ribavirin (RBV) or PegIFNa-2b/RBV, with respect to the proportion of treatment-naïve hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype 1 infected subjects with sustained virologic response (SVR) 12 weeks after the planned end of treatment (SVR12).



Approved, Date: 4 October 2013

ongoing: more...

Bad Pharma

Ben Goldacre

Bestselling author of Bad Science

How drug companies mislead doctors and harm patients

354 page





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even **asking** has been interesting...



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- 4. techy stuff
- 5. data sources
- 6. user examples
- 7. workshop

- 1. researcher
- 2. doctor
- 3. patient
- 4. data journalist
- 5. developer
- 6. policy maker
- 7. regulator



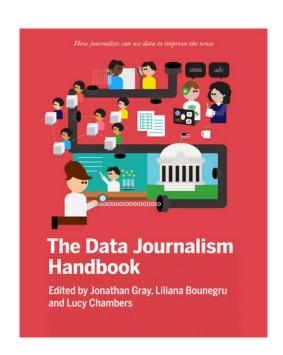
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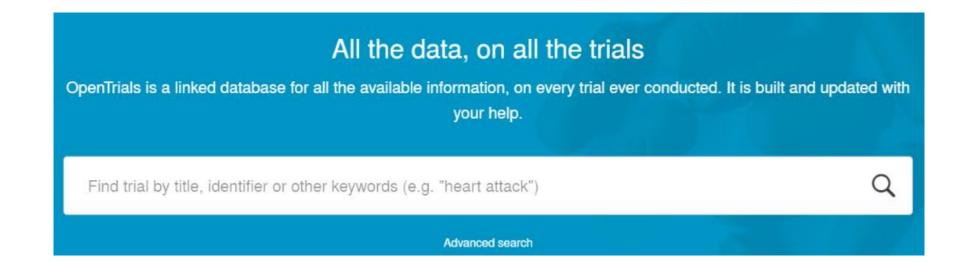




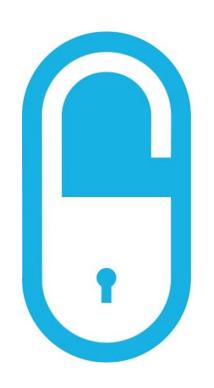


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opentrials.net/workshop



explorer.opentrials.net



Thank you!

Any questions?

opentrials@okfn.org / opentrials.net / @opentrials

OpenTrials team: Ben Goldacre, Stephen Abbott Pugh, Chris Hovey, Paul Walsh, Vitor Baptista, Evgeny Karev, Victor Niţu, Georgiana Bere, Lieke Ploeger, Sam Smith, Ben Meghreblian, Sarah McNeill, Jessica Fleminger